Integrating high-repetition rate highenergy/high-intensity laser to FEL experiments



Motoaki Nakatsutsumi

on behalf of HED instrument at the European XFEL and HIBEF user consortium to the HED instrument

NWP-2: Lasers with High Peak and High Average Power 26th July 2017



## The current HED/HIBEF group at European XFEL

Group Leader HED Scientists







Zuzana Sebastian

Konôpková Göde

#### Technicians/Mech's



Preston (7/'17)

Wolfgang

Morgenroth



Externally funded PostDocs / Ph.D.s / Guest Scientists



Laser Group

2

Engineers

Zastrau



lan Thorpe

Andreas Konstantin Schmidt Sukharnikov

Pelka

Thomas Eike Feldmann Martens

HIBEF UC staff at European XFEL



Emma **McBride** 

Makita

Volkswagen BMBF Foundation



N.N.



DFG

**HIBEF at HZDR:** 

Markus Biedermann Schölmerich









N.N.





Klaus Knöfel Wolfgang Seidel

DFG

Hauke Höppner

Jörn Dreyer, ...

**European XFEL** 





# HIBEF: Helmholtz International Beamline for Extreme Fields

<u>Management Board:</u> T.E. Cowan (HZDR, spokesperson) Justin Wark (Oxford), Edger Weckert (DESY), Ronald Redmer (Rostock) <u>Coordinator</u>: Carsten Baehtz (HZDR), <u>HIBEF-Asia</u>: Hideaki Takabe (HZDR), <u>HIBEF-US</u>: Robert Cauble (LLNL)

HIBEF User Consortium: HZDR, DESY, HIJ, CFEL, DLR, FZJ, GFZ, GSI, HZB, MBI, MPIC, MPIK, MPI-S, MPQ, MPSD, U Bayreuth, HU Berlin, TU Darmstadt, TU Dresden, U Duisburg, U Frankfurt, U Freiburg, U Hamburg, FSU-Jena, LMU-Munich, TU Munchen, U Rostock, U Siegen, U Graz, TU Wien, PSI, EP-Lausanne, IOP-ASCR, CTU-Prague, CLPU-Salamanca, UPM-Madrid, IRAMIS-CEA, CEA-Arpajon, CELIA-Bordeaux, ESRF, Jussieu, LULI, UPMC, LNCMI, U Toulouse, U Pecs, U Szeged, Weizmann, U Roma, MUT-Warsaw, NCBJ-Swierk, U Wroclaw, IST-Lisbon, JIHT-RAS, Stockholm, Umea, Uppsala, Cambridge, Edinburgh, Imperial, QUB, UCL, Oxford, Plymouth, STFC-RAL, SUPA, Strathclyde, Warwick, York, Eu-XFEL, ELI-DC, EMFL, IOP-CAS, Peking Univ, SIOM, SJTU, Tata IFR, RRCAT, GSE-Osaka, ILE-Osaka, KPSI-JAEA, U Kyoto, Alberta, BNL, UC Berkeley, Carnegie Inst. Wash., General Atomics, LANL, LBL, LLNL, U. Michigan, ORNL, OSU, U. Penn, Rockefeller U, SLAC, UCSD, UNR, U Texas, WSU

#### High power/energy lasers

- initially >100 TW/10 Hz & 100 J/10 Hz
- Future upgrades

Pulsed magnetic field setup Diagnostics, spectrometer, etc. Man-power

Operation

UK: 10.3 M€ HGF-FIS: 20.5 M€ Others: 12 M€ European XFEL



#### Outline

Brief overview of the European XFEL

X-ray properties and optical lasers at the HED instrument

X-ray techniques and science applications





#### **European XFEL: beamlines and instruments**



Cool down of accelerator modules to 2 K	Dec. 2016	<b>†</b>
6 keV lasing in SASE1 with up to 0.9 mJ	May 2017	Achieved
Commissioning SASE1 FXE/SPB	July 2017	
First experiments at SASE1	Sept. 2017	
European XFEL	HED	

High-Energy Density science



## **About European XFEL**



Organized as a non-profit corporation in 2009 with the mission of design, construction, operation, and development of the free-electron laser

#### Supported by 11 partner countries

<u>Germany</u> (federal government, city-state of Hamburg, and state of Schleswig-Holstein) <u>covers 58% of the costs; Russia contributes 27%;</u> each of the other international shareholders 1–3%

- Total budget for construction (including commissioning)
  - <u>1.22 billion € at 2005 prices (div by 6: 200 M€ per scientfic instrument)</u>
    600 M€ contributed in cash, over 550 M€ as in-kind contributons (mainly manufacture of parts for the facility)





## XFEL properties at the HED instrument (SASE2)

	Fully tunable between	3 – 25 keV (3 – 5 keV with limited performance)	
	Pulse duration	2 – 100 fs	
	Number of photons per pulse	~10 <sup>10</sup> (25 keV), ~10 <sup>12</sup> (5 keV)	
	Spot size on sample	sub-μm (HIBEF), few μm, 20 – 30 μm, 200 – 300 μm, few mm	
	Spectral bandwidth ( $\Delta E/E$ )	10 <sup>-3</sup> (nominal), 10 <sup>-4</sup> (Si 111 mono), 10 <sup>-5</sup> (high res. mono) Seeded beam (no shot-to-shot spectral fluctuation) at 10 <sup>-4</sup> bw	
	Repetition rate	shot on demand (pulse picker), 10 Hz – 27000 pulses/sec	
	10 Hz burst		
0.6 ms 99.4 ms		0.6 ms 99.4 ms	
M. Nak	atsutsumi et al., Plasma Phys. Control. Fus	ion 59, 014028 (2017) → 4.5 MHz	
	European XFEL HED High-Energy Density science USER CONS		

# Beryllium lens for x-ray focusing



## X-ray beam split & delay:

Multi-layer mirrors --- Variable delay up to ~23 ps (5 keV), ~4 ps (15 keV), ~2 ps (20 keV) → With 2 subsequent fs x-ray pulses launched into sample



# **3 optical lasers at the HED instrument**



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# HI/HE laser locactions – on the roof of 1m thick concrete enclosure!







### 300 TW laser system - key properties -





## Beam transport status- diagnostics port-





M. Nakatsutsumi, Integrating high-repetition rate high-energy/high-intensity laser to FEL experiments







# Hard X-ray FELs worldwide with big OLs







M. Nakatsutsumi,

Integrating high-repetition rate high-energy/high-intensity laser to FEL experiments

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### HED control room, optics hutch, and enclosure



#### IC1 in the factory at TOYAMA, Japan.

- 2.4 x 1.5 m^2 (inner)
- Installed in May 2017



![](_page_17_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_6.jpeg)

X-ray techniques and science applications

![](_page_18_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Isochoric heating of solid via XFEL or laser-induced ballistic electrons. Study equilibration process, EOS, opacity.

Femtosecond excitation produce hot electrons with cold lattice ( $T_e \neq T_i$ ). Reaching  $T_e = T_i$  before significant hydrodynamic expansion is a challenge.

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_4.jpeg)

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## probing electronic plasmon oscillations

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Small angle x-ray scattering to visualize ~10 nm periodic modulation

Weibel instability, surface ripples, hole boring under relativistic laser-solid interaction

![](_page_22_Figure_3.jpeg)

T. Kluge et al., Phys Plasmas **21** 033110 (2014) T. Kluge et al., Phys Plasmas **23** 033103 (2016)

![](_page_22_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### **Planetary science**

Create matters exist in the core of solar planets and exoplanets at laboratory. Goal is to exploit thermodynamic properties; equation of state, melting temperature, thermal conductivity, structural phase transition under high pressure etc...

![](_page_23_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

**European XFEL** 

![](_page_24_Picture_2.jpeg)

A. Schropp et al., Sci. Rep **5** 11089 (2015)

![](_page_24_Picture_4.jpeg)

X-ray diffraction (large Q)

#### **HED** instrument milestones

Spring - Summer 2018

Commission of components without beam

- Optics hutch ready to take beam
- Installation of delicate optical mirrors in experimental area
- Tentative plan: <u>first call for proposals</u> for HED and MID

#### Summer- autumn 2018 X-ray commissioning, HiBEF laser delivery & installation

delivery of Amplitude laser and DiPOLE laser to HED laser bay

#### Autumn – Winter 2018 <u>Start of early user operation</u>

- X-ray only (plus split-and-delay unit).
- End-2018: pump-probe (PP) laser becomes available

Summer – Autumn 2019 HED instrument <u>fully operational including large HiBEF lasers</u>

![](_page_25_Picture_13.jpeg)

#### Summary

HED instrument at European XFEL is one of the 6 experimental stations.

#### 3 laser systems.

PP laser (2.5 mJ / 15 fs and 40 mJ / ps)

High-intensity (HI) laser (> 100 TW @ 10 Hz, 300 TW @ 5 Hz)

High-energy (HE) laser (100 J, 2 – 15 ns @ 10 Hz)

#### Science motivation

- EOS, melting, phase transition under dynamically compressed matter. Nanosecond laser temporal shaping crucial.
- Isochoric heating of solids (WDM). Equilibration dynamics.
- Relativistic electron beam dynamics, nonlinear plasma optics
- And more...
- European XFEL is a user facility. About 20-30 experiments will be allocated to the HED per year (1wk/exp). Everyone can apply. All proposals will be peer-reviewed and beam time is allocated according sorely to the quality (except HIBEF priority access beamtime max ~ 30% of total beamtime).

![](_page_26_Picture_13.jpeg)